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Physical Sciences
Research Council



CerTest: enhanced performance and productivity through integration of multi-scale modelling, high-fidelity experimentation and Bayesian learning

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1.Challenge



New statistical frameworks must be created to design, model and test at the component level, safely accounting for uncertainty whilst exploiting new design opportunities including manufacturability.





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Contents



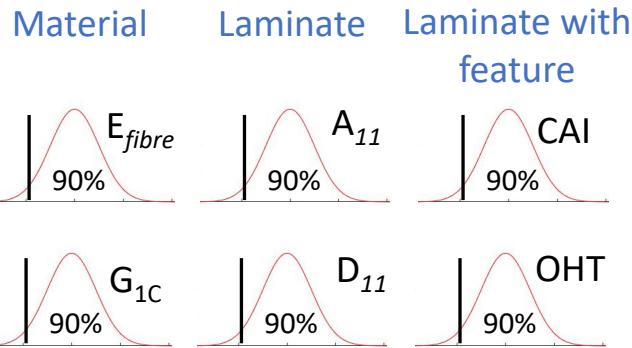
1. Framework overview
2. C-spar demonstrator
3. CerTest methodology



2. Process overview

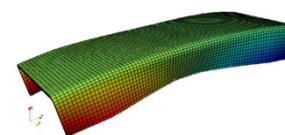


Coupons



Model/design

Models with no defect and fixed properties



B-basis allowables – single value

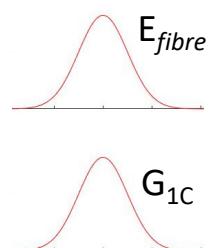
Limited design space

Test

Test pyramid

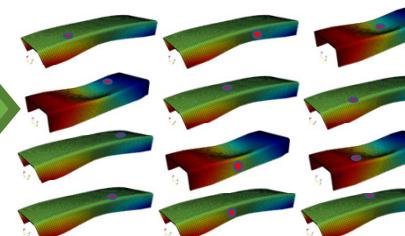
Single value
Limit load
pass/fail

Material



Full distributions

Rapid models with defects and uncertain properties



Wide design space

Most informative test

Reduced Test pyramid

Sufficiently probable strengths > limit load

Learning about material & physics



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1. Overview

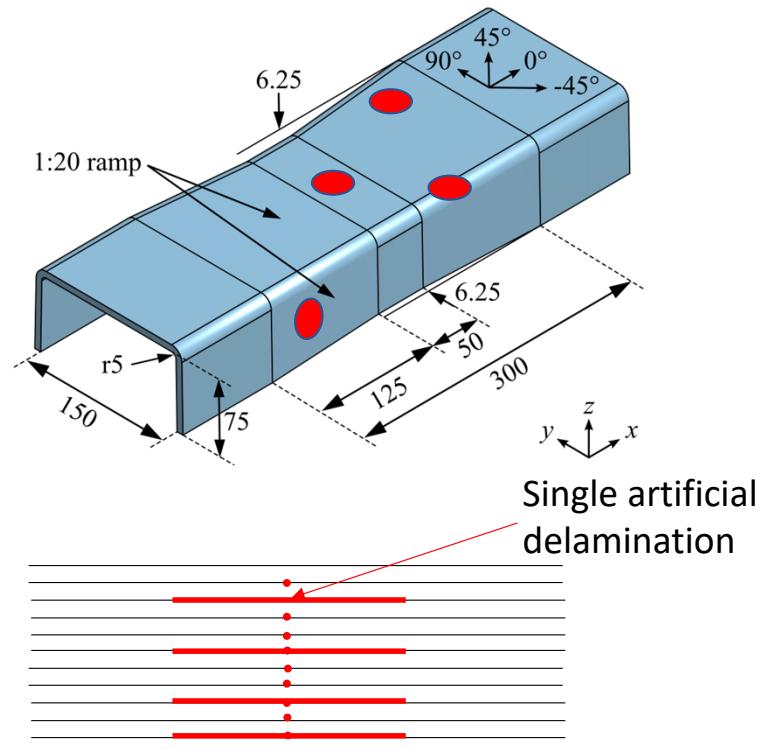
2. C-spar example description

3. CerTest methodology

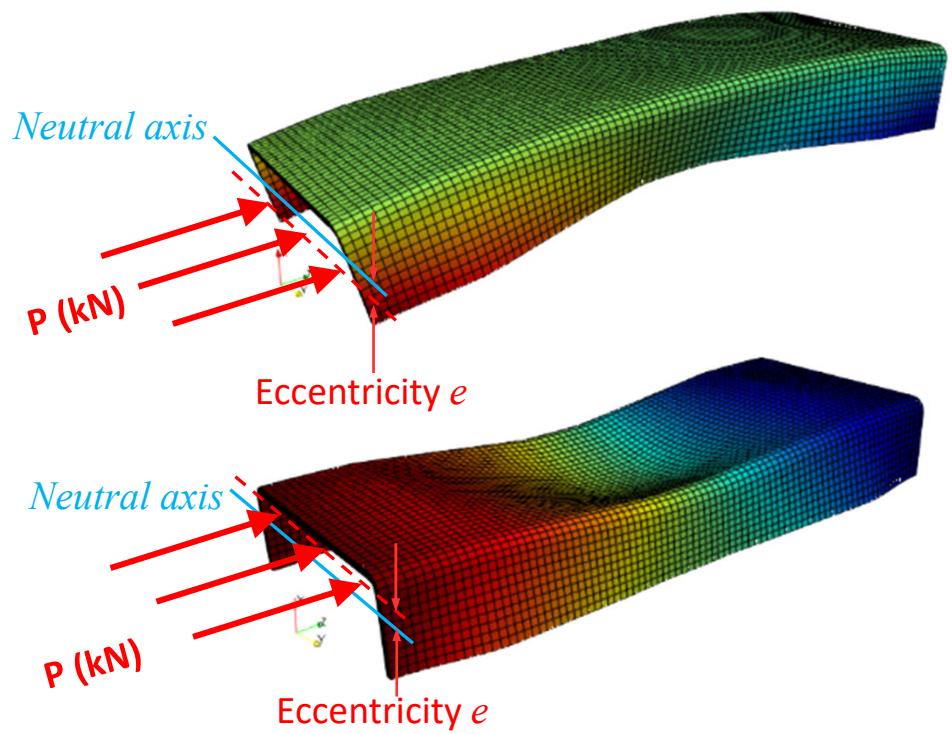


3. C-spar and controlled parameters

Artificial delamination position (d): "Defect"



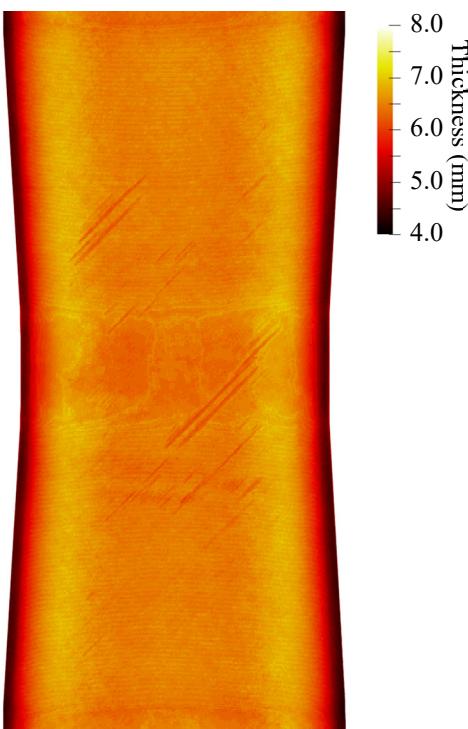
Eccentric loading (e): "Load cases"





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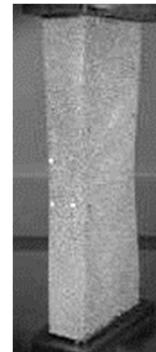
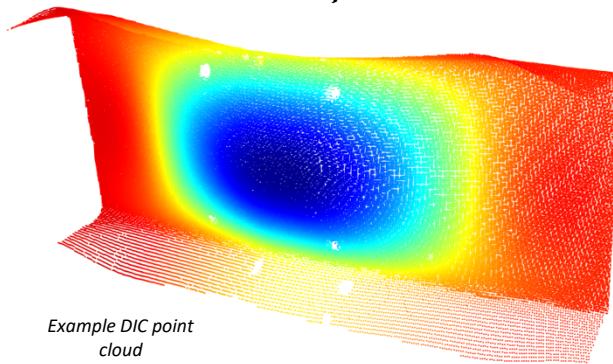
NDE: X-ray CT, CMM,
Ultrasound, eddy current



4. C-spar demonstrator - data



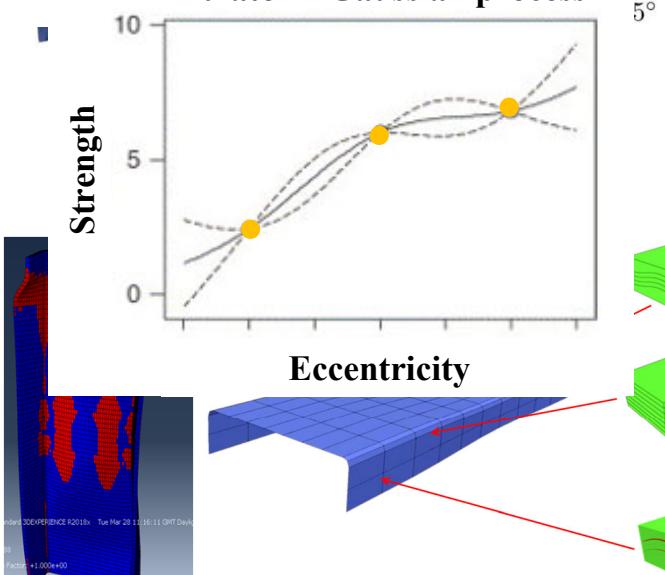
Physical test: DIC



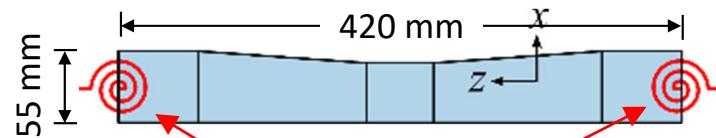
Simulation: DUNE and
ABAQUS (FE²)



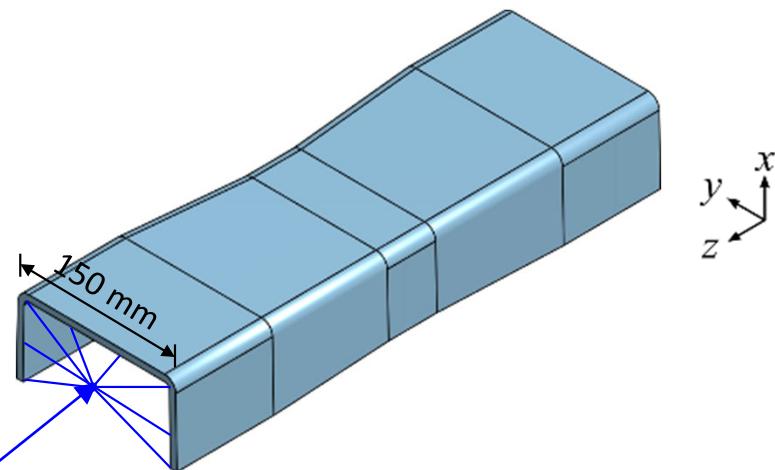
Emulator – Gaussian process



5. Parameter uncertainty - BCs

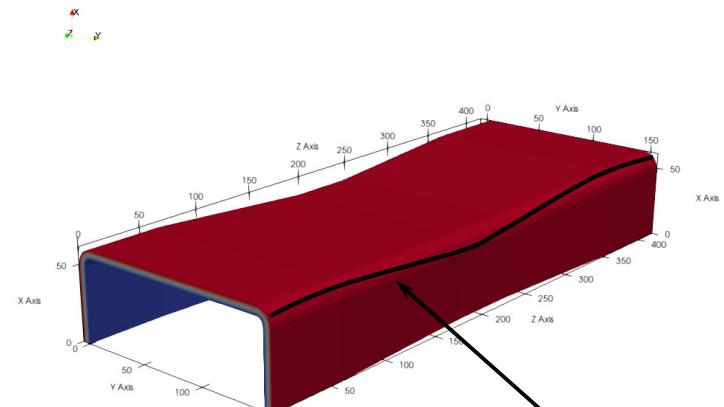
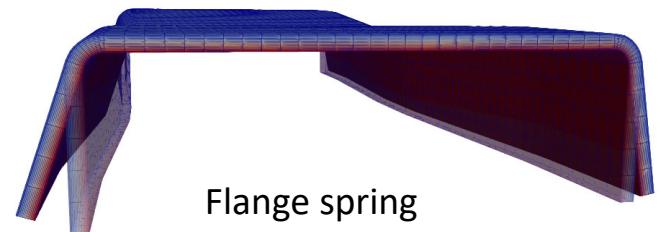


Torsional springs with stiffness, K , control BC strength



Ends constrained to
reference points with
beam MPCs

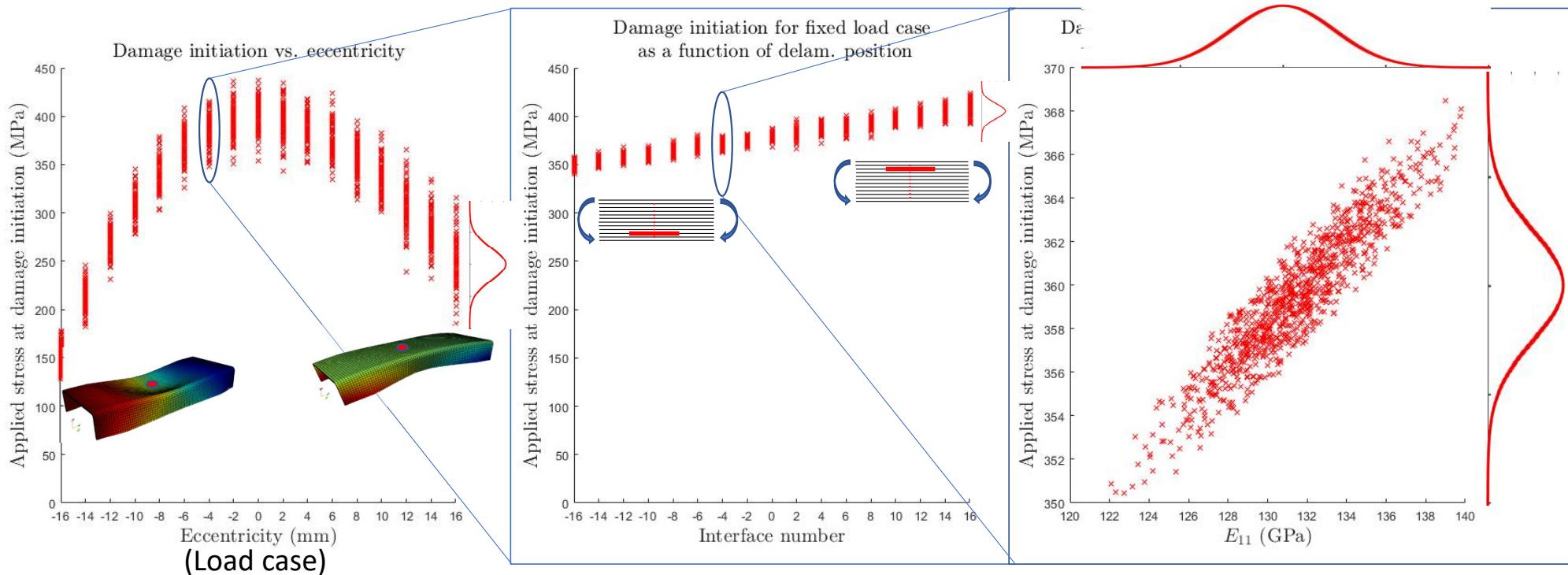
$$u_1 = u_2 = R_1 = R_3 = 0$$



Fibre path owing to conformation with
geometry e.g. not straight.



6. Parameter uncertainty - material





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7. Discrepancy model

Experiment Numerical simulation output

$$y(x_i, \theta^*) = \eta(x_i, \theta^*)$$

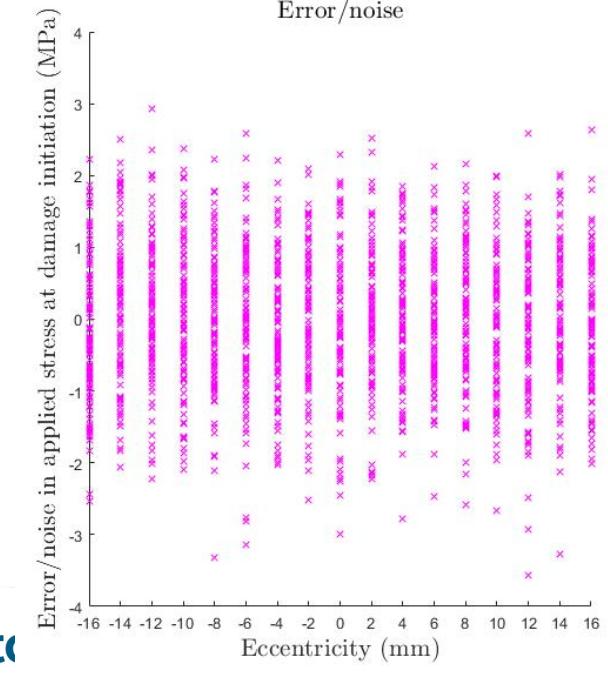
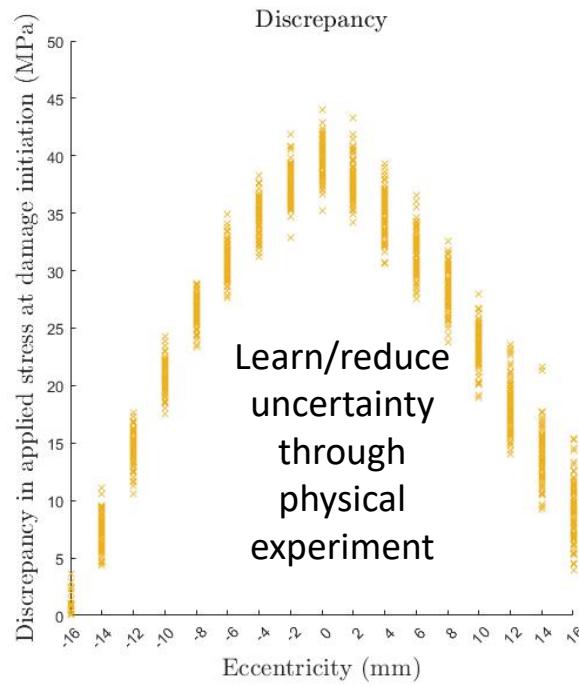
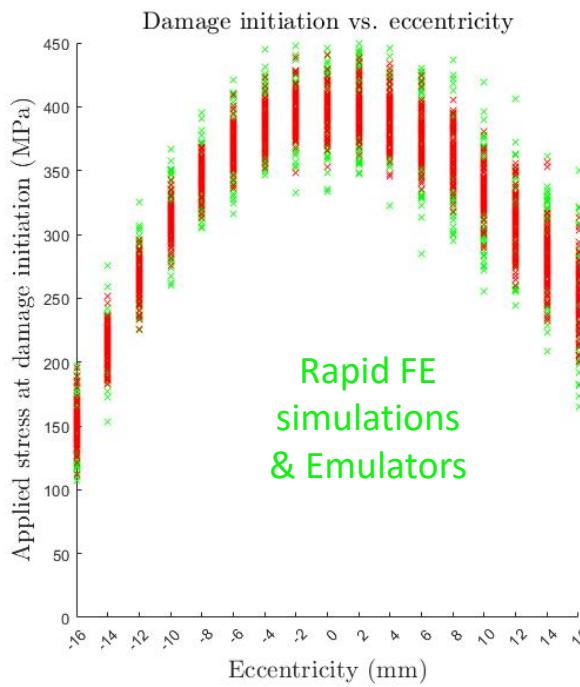
Controllable (delamination position and eccentricity)

$$\text{Discrepancy} \\ + \delta(x_i, \theta^*)$$

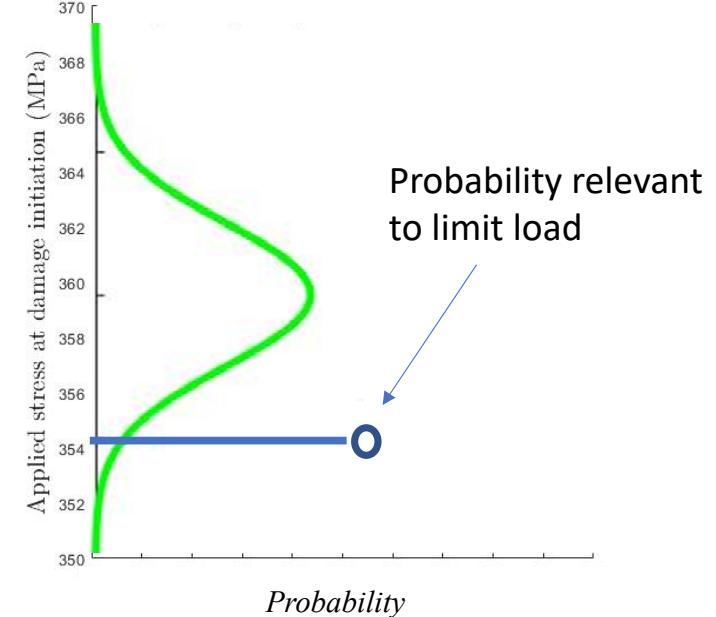
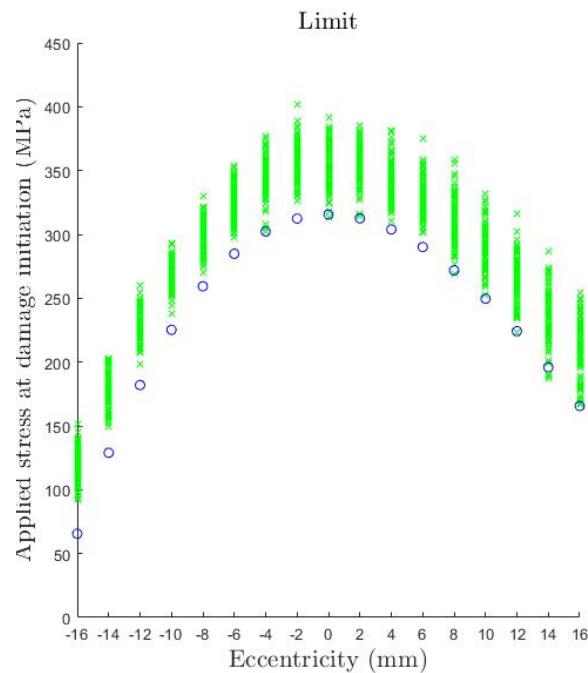
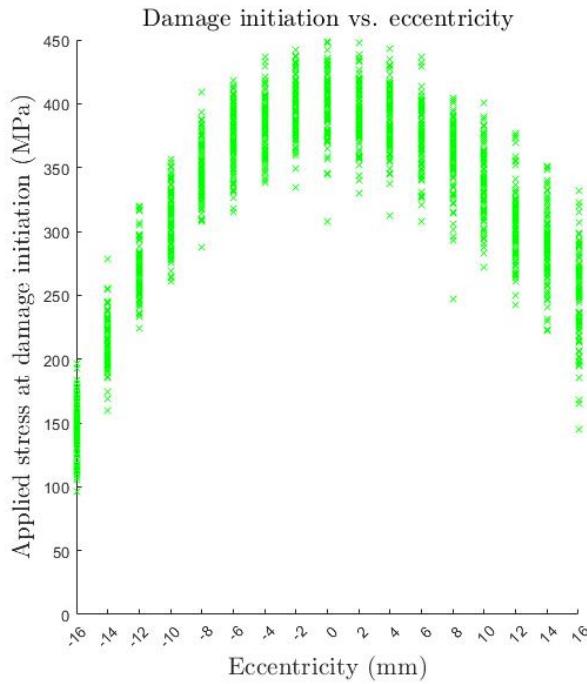
Uncertain (e.g. modulus, boundary conditions)

Measurement error

$$+ \varepsilon_i$$



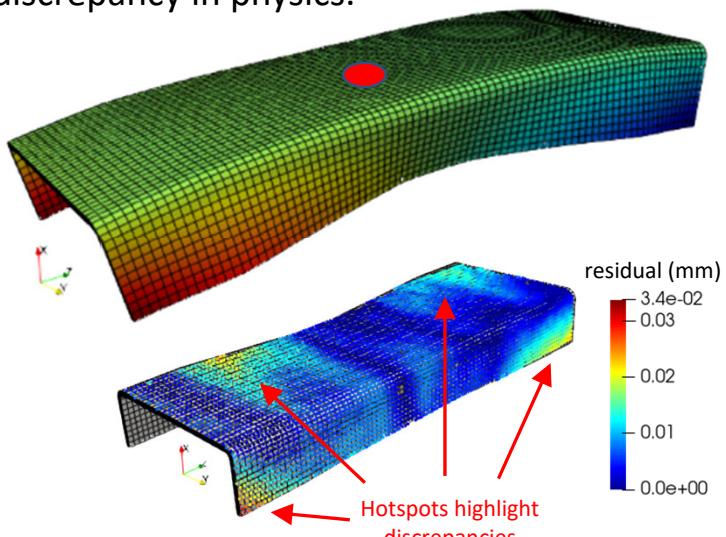
8. Limit load



9. Calibration (learning)

Single physical experiment

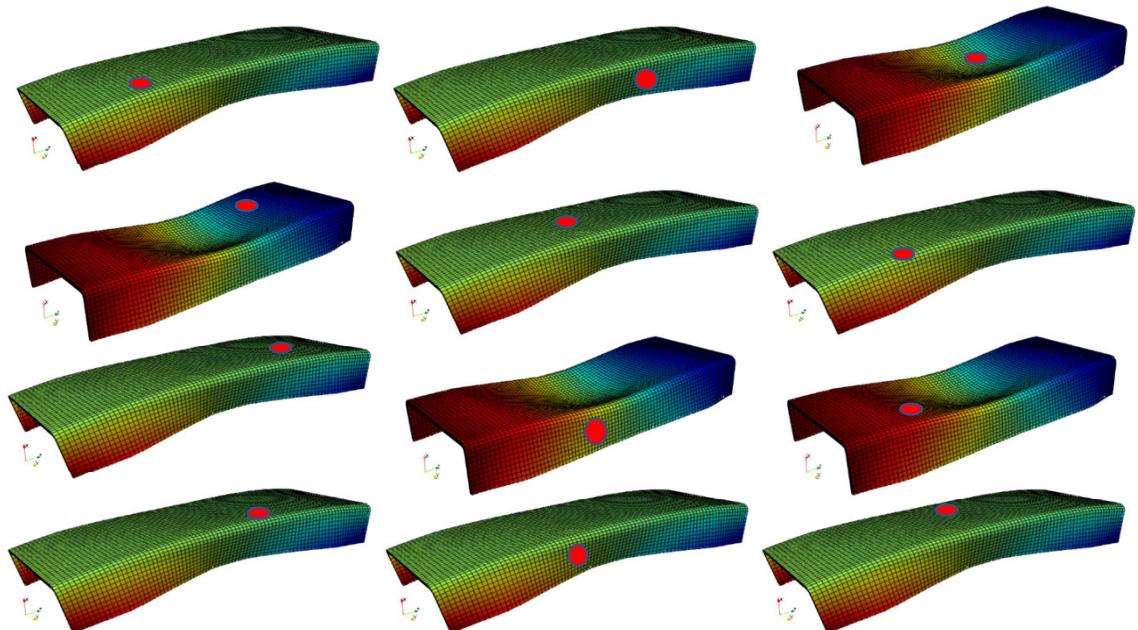
Learn about (via comparison of DIC and simulations), and then employ, property/BC values for the specific part instance to uncover discrepancy in physics.



Residuals of DIC compared with average calibrated model

'All' C-spars with defect under all load cases

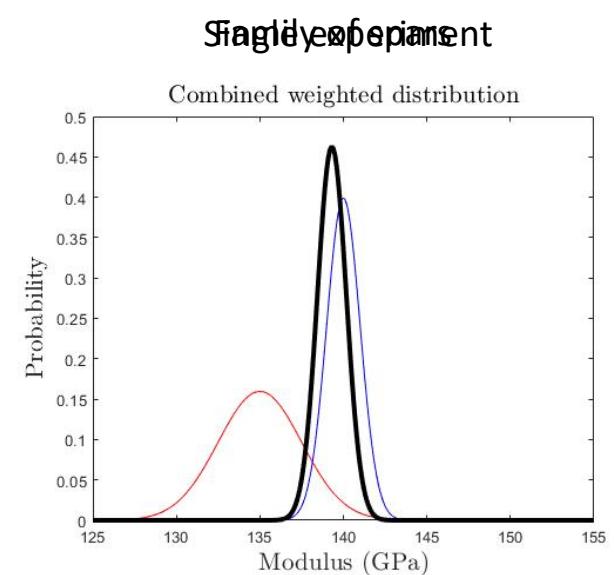
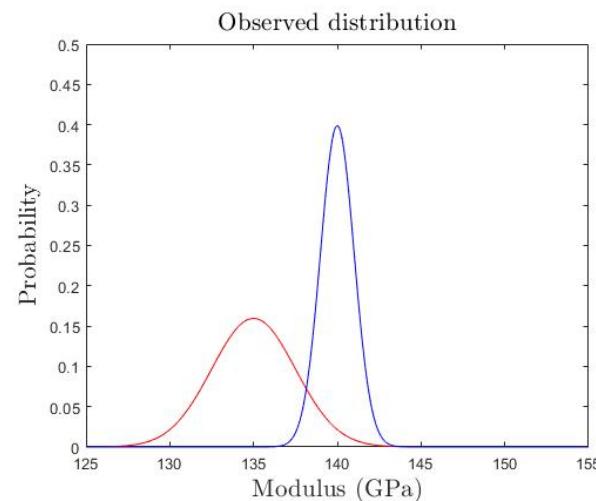
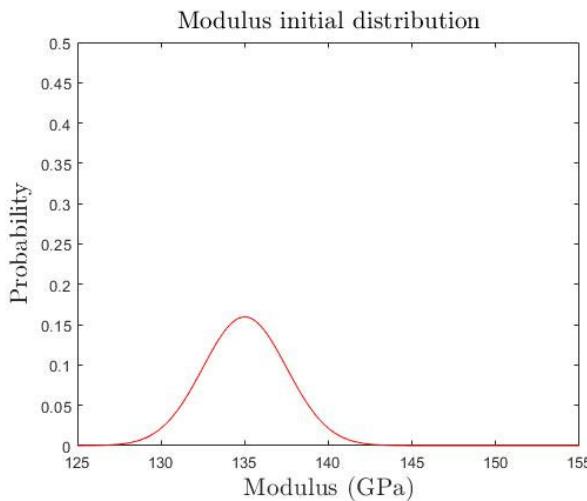
Choose tests to learn about and minimise discrepancy in physics as behaviour varies at the part scale.



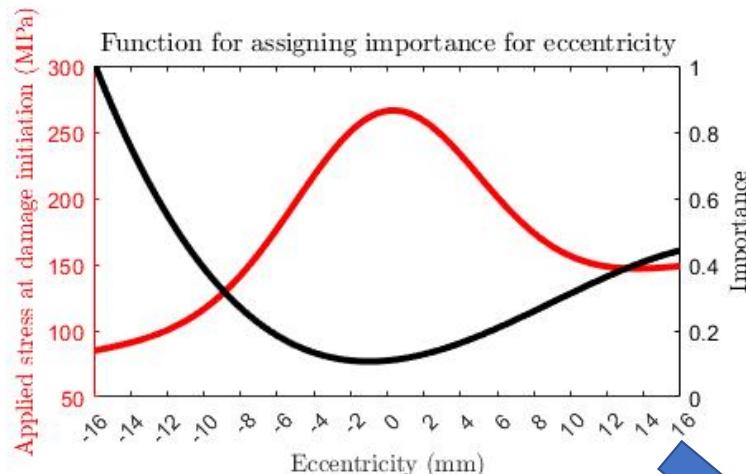


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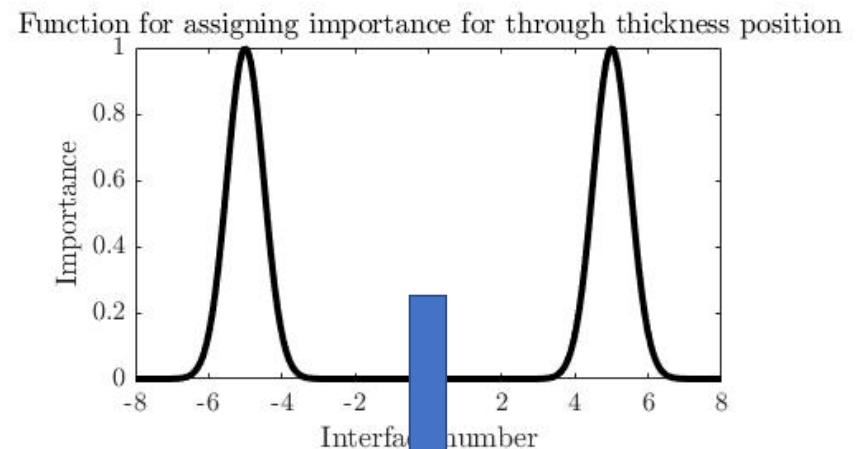
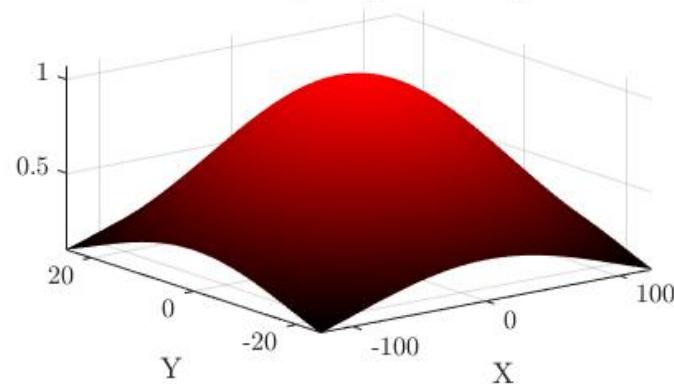
10. Bayesian calibration



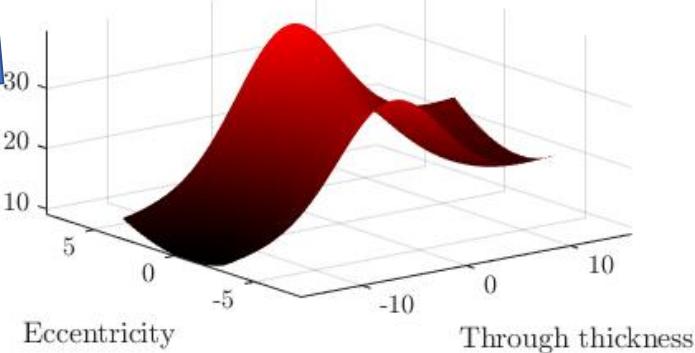
11. Design of experiments & Importance



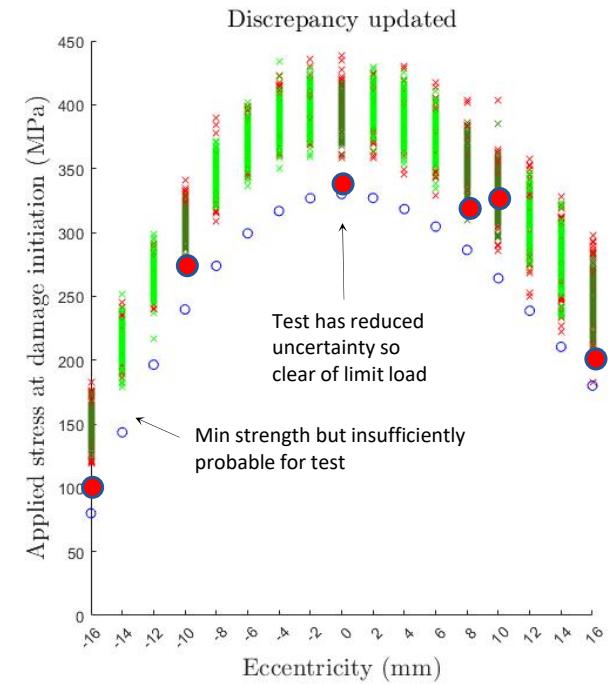
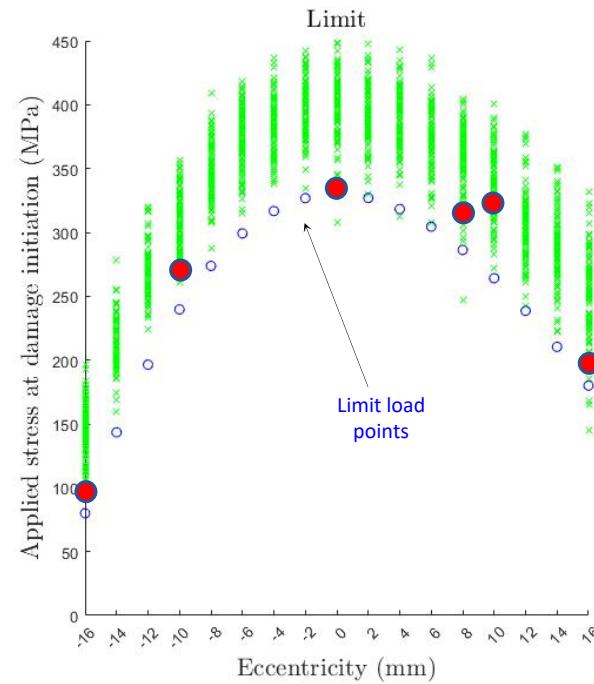
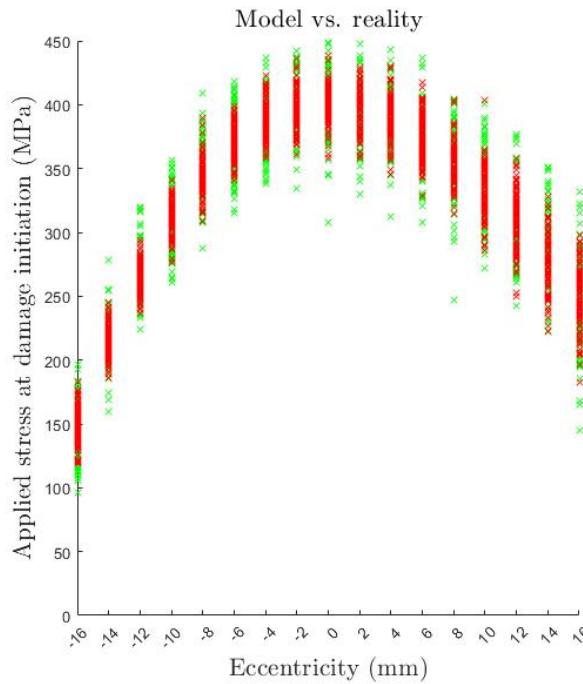
Function for in-plane position importance



Function for combined eccentricity – in-plane position importance



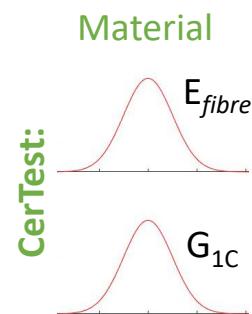
12. Design of experiments & Bayes Update



13. Conclusions & future work

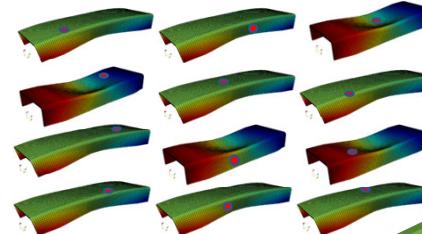


Coupons



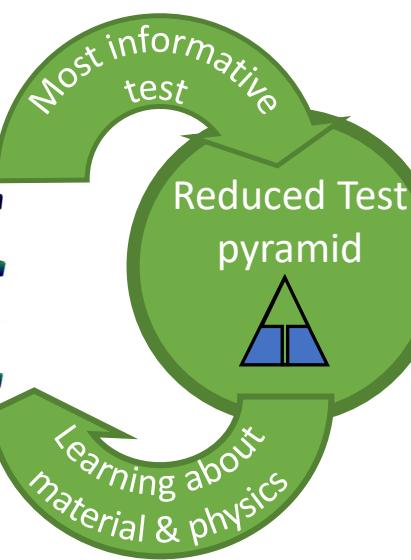
Model/design

Rapid models with
defects and uncertain
properties



Wide design space

Test



Potential to: (a) consider material variability at scale e.g. defects and fibre steering
 (b) Understand the impact of process variability on strength – rapid uptake of new materials



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Leads

14. CerTest Team



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Tues

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